### Leamington Mennonite Home Long Term Care

# **POLICY AND PROCEDURE**

CATEGORY: SUBJECT: SECTION:

Resident Care Hi-Low Bed Use H
POLICY:

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DATE: Administrator:

April 2011
REVISION DATES: Director of Care: Cheryl Click

June 2015

### **HI-LOW BED USE**

# **POLICY:**

To ensure that residents at risk for falls from bed are in a Hi/Low bed for safety and prevention of injuries.

#### PROCEDURE:

- If a resident is assessed as a risk for falls from bed, a Hi/Low bed will be provided. If one is not immediately available, the existing bed will be in the lowest position until a Hi/Low bed is available.
- All Hi/Low beds will be placed against the bedroom wall in such a manner that the resident can exit on their stronger side, if required.
- Furniture in the room will be arranged as to not block or obstruct the ability of the bed to be moved away from the wall.
- The bed can easily be rolled away from the wall to provide care and to make the bed.
- When a resident is in the bed, it is to be in the lowest position and the brakes are to be on.
- Fall/crawl out mats are to be placed on the floor beside the bed and at the foot of the bed as needed when a resident is in the bed. When mats are not in use they are to be folded and stored in the resident washroom.
- A resident using a High/Low bed will be evaluated by the Registered Staff for a bed alarm.
- The falling star logo will be placed beside the All About Sign by the Registered Staff with a Hi/Low bed instruction sheet placed above the bed. The falling star logo may also be placed on a wheelchair for residents at risk for falls from their wheelchairs.
- Ensure the hand remote is safely secured in the proper position. It is never left for resident use unless the resident is cognitively capable of using the hand remote.
- The OTA shall place the attached instruction sheets into the PSW Binder.

#### Fall Prevention - Hi-Low Bed Use

If the resident were to roll, climb or voluntarily exit the bed, risk if injury is less when the bed height is closer to the floor.

- 1. The bed should be positioned against the wall and at the lowest height when occupied.
- 2. Place a fall mat on the floor beside the bed for a softer landing surface.
- 3. Ensure the brakes are engaged.
- 4. When providing care, move the bed and raise it to a comfortable ergonomic working height. Return to lowest position against the wall when finished.
- 5. For resident safety ensure the hand control is not accessible. Call bell is clipped or made

accessible. Commonly used items are within reach.

- 6. If a walker is used routinely, it should be within reach.
- 7. Provide a light source.
- 8. Evaluate positioning of bed and resident often.
- 9. Use interventions to deter behaviours.

Always refer to the resident plan of care. Check with Registered Staff for concerns and reporting. Document accordingly.