# Leamington Mennonite Home Long Term Care

#### **POLICY AND PROCEDURE**

CATEGORY: SUBJECT: SECTION:

Nursing Fleet Enema

F POLICY:

DATE: Administrator:

February 1995 REVISION DATES: December 2004

Director of Care:

Care: Cheryl Click

### **FLEET ENEMA**

## **POLICY:**

To remove feces and flatus from the rectum and lower bowel.

## **EQUIPMENT:**

- Fleet enema warmed by tap water.
- Bedpan and cover, or commode.
- Toilet tissue, lubricant, water basin.
- Plastic and protective sheeting (blue pads).

#### PROCEDURE:

- 1. Explain the procedure to the resident.
- 2. Provide privacy for the resident.
- 3. Remove pillows and lower head,
- 4. Assist the resident onto his/her left side and flex knees.
- 5. Place the protective rubber or plastic sheeting under the resident's hips and a bath sheet over the resident.
- 6. Prepare the solution and bring to bedside. Caution: the temperature should be 105 107 degrees Fahrenheit if too hot, it may injure the tissues.
- 7. Lubricate the end of the rectal tube.
- 8. Expose anal region and insert the rectal tube slowly and gently insert the tip into the rectum.
- If the resident complains of discomfort, discontinue and encourage the resident to relax (take a deep breath). If discomfort persists, discontinue the enema. Encourage resident to retain fluid as long as possible.

- 10. Assist the resident to the bathroom or place on the bed pan or commode.
- 11. If the resident is weak or very ill, do not leave alone.
- 12. Remove bedpan and save the specimen if required. Place in specimen container with the resident's name and room number.
- 13. Offer resident soap, water and clean towel to wash his/her hands.
- 14. Assist the resident to a comfortable position. Cleanse the equipment and return to its proper place.
- 15. Record all pertinent facts in the multidisciplinary notes and the TARS:
  - a. Fleet enema
  - b. Return stool constipated, soft, etc.
  - c. Flatus
  - d. Any abnormality
  - e. If retained or expelled
  - f. Effect on patient
- 16. Cautionary Measures:
  - a. Avoid unnecessary exposure
  - b. Solution not to exceed 105-107°F.
  - c. Do not use force to cause the fluid to enter the rectum.
  - d. Advise the resident to take deep breaths to promote relaxation and the solution be more easily retained.
  - e. Avoid air entering the rectum.
  - f. Instruct the resident not to flush the toilet but rather to pull call bell cord as soon as he is finished.
  - g. Complete lab form requisition if necessary.
  - h. If the enema is not expelled in a reasonable time, 20 30 minutes, report to the Registered Staff.
  - i. If the enema is unsuccessful, report to the Physician. Further measures will probable be prescribed.